



LET'S LOOK AT CALGARY

1968 69

Compiled and Published by

THE INDUSTRY COMMITTEE OF THE CALGARY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

300 Canada Permanent Building, 315 - 8th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada

CALGARY



CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
INCORPORATED
1991

● INDEX

Agriculture	42, 43	Members of Legislative Assembly	47
Air Lines	11, 12	Members of Parliament	47
Airport	10	Memorial Park	17
Aquarium	17	Mill Rate	9
Area Data	5	Motion Picture Theatres	45
Assessment— Land and Building	9	Motor Vehicle Registration	47
Athletic Fields	18	Mount Royal College ...	32, 33
Banks	21	Mountains	20
Bowness Park	18	Natural Gas	40, 41
Building Permits	21	Newspapers	44
Buses	13	Office Space Rentals	21
Business Assessment	10	Oil Industry	30
Calgary Exhibition and Stampede	15	Parking	47
Car Licenses	46	Parks	18
Churches	45	Playgrounds	18
City Map	50	Police Protection	8
City Owned Operations	8	Population	6
City Recreation Areas	18	Post Office Facilities	45
Civic Government	7	Postal Receipts	46
Climate	4, 5	Precipitation	5
Construction	20, 21	Provincial Auditorium	15
Consumers Price Index	48	Public Transportation ...	8, 9
Crops	42	Radio Stations	44
Cultural Establishments	14, 15	Rainfall	5
Customs Office	46	Ranching	43
Drivers' Licenses	46	R.C.M.P.	8
Education	30-35	Recreation	15-20
Electricity	36-39	Resources	5
Electric Power	39	Retail Store Data	47
Employment	25, 28, 29	Rinks	18
Exhibition Grounds	16	Rock Gardens	18
Fire Protection	8	Sales Tax	10
Fish and Game	19	Schools	30
Fish Pool	17	Separate Schools	31
Gas	40, 41	Service Clubs	49
Glenbow Foundation	14	South Alberta Institute of Technology	31, 32
Glenmore	18	Stampede Corral	16
Golf Courses	18	St. George's Island ...	16, 17
Grain Elevators	42	Sunshine	5
Grain Trade	42	Swimming Pools	18
Happy Valley	18	Taxes	9
Heritage Park	17	Telephones	36, 46
History	4	Television Stations	45
Horseman's Hall of Fame ...	17	Temperature	5
Hospitals	43, 44	Trains	12, 13
Hospitalization Scheme	44	Transportation	10-13
Hotels and Motels	43	Trucks	13, 46
Housebuilding	21	University of Calgary ...	34, 35
Humidity	4	Utilities	36, 41
Income and Average Tax ...	49	Vital Statistics	7
Income Tax	45	Voters' List	7
Industrial Advantages	22	Wages and Salaries	28, 29
Industrial Co-ordinator	7	Water	41, 42
Industrial Growth	24	Weather	5
Industries of Calgary ...	23, 24	Wholesale Trade	46
Libraries	15	Wind Speed	5
Licenses — City	22		
Licenses — Provincial ...	19, 21		
Light and Power	36-41		
Liquor Laws	46		
Livestock Industry	42, 43		
Location	4		

COVER PHOTO BY PETRIGO



"LET'S LOOK AT CALGARY"

Industrial development is a very important part of the varied activities of The Calgary Chamber of Commerce and this project is handled very ably by our Industry Committee. Each year the committee compiles and makes available factual data about Calgary which is contained in this booklet titled "Let's Look At Calgary."

The 1968-69 edition is bigger and better than ever and it again contains facts and figures that will serve as a ready reference for those industries and businesses planning on locating or expanding in Calgary.

Over the years "Let's Look At Calgary" has been in great demand also by prospective Calgarians, and these new people are still flocking into our city at a rate of between 1,000 and 1,100 per month. That is one reason why we claim that Calgary is Canada's fastest growing city.

The Calgary Chamber stands ready to assist those groups, or individuals, who are sincerely interested in becoming a part of our community life. Just contact us at our office: Canada Permanent Trust Building, 315 - 8th Ave. S.W., Calgary 2, Alberta.

E. H. DAVIS,
President.



"LET'S LOOK AT CALGARY" 1968 GREETINGS FROM MAYOR J. C. LESLIE

Heading into Canada's second century, the City of Calgary is experiencing record-breaking business and industrial development. As in the past, the work of encouraging and guiding this phenomenal expansion is shared by the civic administration and the Calgary Chamber of Commerce, and many other organizations and individuals.

In this regard, I am pleased to again welcome the publication of the city's "best seller" — Let's Look at Calgary. Our Industrial Development Department not only assists in updating certain statistics and developments for its pages, but makes good use of about 2,000 copies every year.

During the past few months, cooperative efforts of the Chamber of Commerce and civic administration have reached fruition in a number of fields. Notable events are the granting of local landing rights to C.P. Airlines on transcontinental flights and improvement of north-south service to Denver as well as the welcoming of new business and industry by the Chamber's Industry Committee.

The downtown financial core of Calgary continues to grow and expand, evidenced by the number of new high-rise office and apartment buildings completed and under construction, totalling over \$130 million.

The industrial Committee of the Calgary Chamber has contributed immeasurably in selling Calgary's tremendous advantages throughout the length and breadth of Canada and abroad. During the past year the Chamber has entertained many national and international visitors who leave impressed with the many advantages of our city.

Today, as Calgary and the Chamber of Commerce advance together into the second century of Canada, our original policy of support to trade and industry in the City of Calgary continues with greater emphasis.

In conjunction with the Chamber of Commerce, I extend a warm and sincere western welcome to corporations, business men and all who contemplate a move to Calgary — Canada's fastest growing city.

JACK LESLIE,
Mayor.

● HISTORY

Calgary originated in 1875 when the Northwest Mounted Police were sent in to build a post because of rumours of impending troubles. The name "Calgary" was given to the settlement after a castle in Scotland and is a Gaelic word meaning "clear running water".

It was not until 1883, the year in which the first Canadian Pacific Railway train arrived from Winnipeg, that development really began. In the following year, with a population of 500, the "Town of Calgary" was incorporated.

A great ranching industry developed with Calgary as one of the largest centres of cattle marketing, largely by the moving of herds north from the overgrazed United States ranges. Subsequently a large meat packing industry was established in Calgary.

The Dominion Government with the coming of the railways granted free land to settlers, who came from all points to claim acreage. By 1893 Calgary had developed so rapidly it was granted a charter as a city.

Oil was discovered in Turner Valley in 1914. This brought a new era in city history.

A second greater era came with the discovery of oil at Leduc in 1948. It brought many companies and people to Calgary. Where in 1948 there was a 2.7% population increase in the City, from 1949 on the growth was 6 to 7% or around 10,000 a year.

Calgary today is acknowledged as the oil headquarters of Canada, where administration of oil companies, refining and distribution are carried on. Industrial development has kept pace with the city's growth.

With a past of only 80 years of expansion and development in all fields, Calgary now looks forward to a future of promise and prosperity.

● LOCATION

Distance from Calgary to:

	Miles		Miles
Winnipeg _____	826	U.S. Border _____	201
Vancouver _____	620	Great Falls _____	325
Edmonton _____	182	Spokane _____	473
Banff _____	77	Seattle _____	765
Regina _____	473	Denver _____	1163

● CLIMATE

Calgary is situated on the eastern edge of the foothills to the Rockies at an altitude of 3,438 feet, nearly three-quarters of a mile above sea level. The outstanding features of the climate are the moderate rainfall, dry air, moderately cold winters, light snowfall and the "Chinook" winds. The Chinook is a dry westerly wind from the Pacific which has been known to raise the temperature as much as 50 degrees in a few hours, thus melting snows and modifying what would otherwise be long periods of sub-zero temperatures, resulting in only slight or no snow removal costs.

The comparatively low humidity in both winter and summer has the effect of moderating both cold and heat, and is very exhilarating especially during summer evenings when the cool air flows down from the mountains, assuring restful sleep.

The annual average precipitation is 17.44 inches of which 5.85 is snow.

The average frost-free period is 100 to 110 days.

Wind speed averages:

April and May—11 miles per hour.

Remainder of year—9 to 10 miles per hour.

Sunshine—

Average for the year 6 hours daily*

July 10 hours daily

January 3.4 hours daily

Total for the year 2,168 hours

*One of the highest averages in the West.

Average mean temperature—38.4 degrees.

1931 - 1960 (Records since 1885 available on request)

	Temp. Average Mean Degrees F.	Average Hours of Sunshine	Precipitation Inches
January	14.2	103	.68
February	16.2	118	.78
March	24.1	146	1.01
April	38.4	188	1.36
May	49.6	240	2.03
June	55.4	236	3.45
July	62.0	317	2.30
August	59.2	273	2.33
September	51.6	185	1.37
October	41.8	159	.89
November	28.0	111	.63
December	20.2	92	.61
Annual Mean	38.4	2,168	17.44

● RESOURCES

1. Calgary is the centre of the natural gas fields of Alberta with a great variety of hydrocarbon, sulphur, and carbon dioxide content.
2. It is close to the oil fields of Turner Valley.
3. Great quantities of limestone are within 80 miles of the City.
4. Coal reserves of the Highwood, Canmore and Crowsnest Pass areas are tremendous.
5. Gypsum is found in British Columbia, some 150 miles from the City.
6. Calgary is the centre of a huge ranching and wheat farming empire.

● CALGARY AREA DATA

Calgary City Proper Population, January, 1968—354,856.

Calgary Trade Area—Alberta from Red Deer south to the United States border, from the Saskatchewan boundary on the east and to south-eastern British Columbia to Nelson and Trail on the west.

Within a radius of 100 miles of Calgary there is a population of over 570,000 including Calgary. New industries can be expected to serve a Western Canadian population of 5.2 million and over 7 million by 1976.

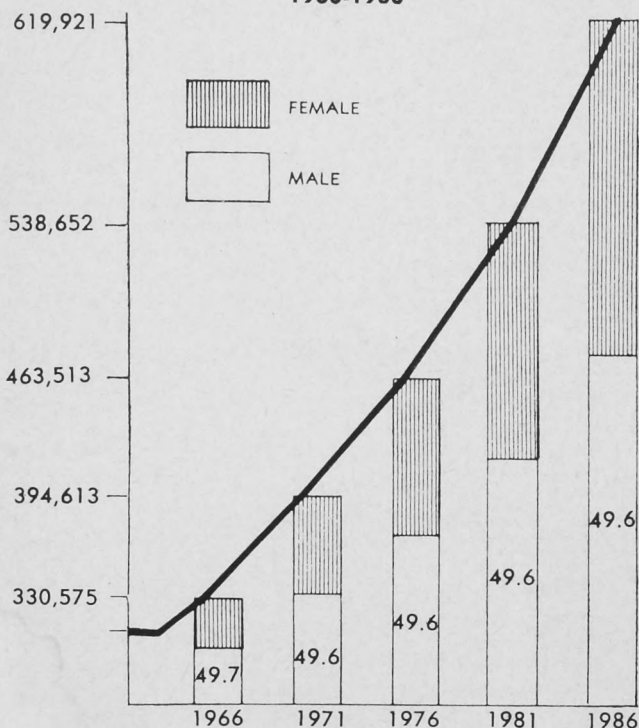
Area, Corporate Calgary—155.8 square miles.

● POPULATION

	City Limits	Metropolitan Area
1884	506	
1901	4,091	
1911	43,704	
1921	63,305	
1931	83,761	
1941	88,904	
1951	129,060	139,105
1961	241,675	269,079 (Est.)
1967	335,806	
1968	354,856	

A new study of Calgary's past and probable future population growth was prepared for the City Planning Department by P. J. Smith, Department of Geography, University of Alberta in December, 1959. It predicted a population of 645,492 for Metropolitan Calgary by 1981. This projection was considerably higher than the estimates given in briefs included in the Gordon Report on Canada's economic prospects several years ago. The new study was made because of Calgary's phenomenal growth in the past 10 years — doubled in population from 112,000 in 1949 to 230,000 early in 1960.

PROJECTED POPULATION — CALGARY 1966-1986



Prepared by City Planning Department, December 1967.

Vital Statistics

	Births	Deaths	Marriages
1960	9,073	1,954	2,276
1961	9,047	2,032	2,336
1962	9,006	2,163	2,352
1963	9,084	2,169	2,213
1964	8,545	2,336	2,485
1965	7,895	2,280	2,700
1966	7,694	2,416	2,783
1967	8,068	2,457	3,226



● CIVIC GOVERNMENT

The government of Calgary is operated on the Commission with Council Plan and administered by a Mayor, 12 Aldermen and 3 Commissioners. The Council is composed of the Mayor and 12 Aldermen. The Mayor is elected for a term of two years. The Aldermen are elected for a term of two years, six aldermen retiring each year so that each year's Council may have experience with the city's administration. The ward system was inaugurated at the date of the October 1961 election. Each ward is represented by two Aldermen.

The Board of Commissioners, consisting of the three Commissioners is the executive body. They administer all affairs of the city except schools, hospitals and police. One Commissioner is a Commissioner of Public Works and Utilities, another a Commissioner of Finance. There is a Chief Commissioner who is chairman of the Board.

Industrial Co-ordinator

Ken S. Ford

Voters' List

All Canadian citizens and British subjects 19 years of age or over who have resided continuously in the City during the period commencing 12 months immediately preceding election day, are eligible to vote. Owners of Real Property and business tax payers whose names appear on the Assessment Roll are automatically eligible to vote regardless of nationality or residence requirements.

Fire Protection

Number of fire stations—15 plus a central alarm station.

Number of firemen—494 uniformed personnel.

Pieces of Equipment—52.

Calgary stood first in the Class A cities of Alberta and was awarded top honours in the Canadian Section of the International Fire Prevention Contest in cities of comparable size, and in the overall Canadian standing.

Police Protection

Police, including officers	545
Civilian staff	69
Radio equipped cars	77
Radio equipped motorcycles and servicars	20
Patrol wagon	1
Trucks	5
Traffic education vehicles	2

Royal Canadian Mounted Police

The Calgary Sub-Division is:

- (a) West to British Columbia Boundary
- (b) East to Saskatchewan Boundary
- (c) North to Crossfield
- (d) South to High River

There are 225 R.C.M.P. personnel. They patrol all highways in the Calgary Sub-Division. All Federal Acts, such as Narcotic Control Act, Customs Act come under their jurisdiction as do Provincial Acts if outside an organized city or other municipality not policed by the R.C.M. Police. The R.C.M. Police enforce the Criminal Code of Canada and all Provincial Statutes within rural areas under contract to the Provincial Government and act as municipal police in the City of Drumheller, the Towns of Brooks and High River, and all National Parks.

The City of Calgary Owns and Operates:

- 1. Electric Light and Power System
- 2. Glenmore Dam and Waterworks System
- 3. Transit System
- 4. Children's Clinic
- 5. Municipal Libraries
- 6. Municipal Golf Course
- 7. Stadium
- 8. Parks System
- 9. Sewage Disposal and Sewage System
- 10. Asphalt Paving Plant
- 11. General Hospital
- 12. Civic Garage

Public Transportation

The Calgary Transit System serves every section of the City with efficient, comfortable bus and trolley service.

Adults—

Tickets: 4 for 95c; Cash: 25c

Special Fare: 8 for \$1.00 (persons 65 years and over)

Children (14 years of age and under)—

Tickets: 8 for \$1.00 or 2 for 25c; Cash: 15c

Students (School Days Only)—

Tickets: 7 for \$1.00; Cash: 15c

Dogs—

Cash: 30c

Express Bus—

Tickets: One Ticket & 5c; Cash: 30c

Downtown Shuttle Bus—

Cash: 10c

Number of buses operated		95 trolley
		188 motor
		<hr/>
		283
Total route miles		330
Number of passengers carried	1960 —	28,336,767
	1961 —	23,472,168
	1962 —	25,967,908
	1963 —	24,381,613
	1964 —	24,552,734
	1965 —	26,337,081
	1966 —	28,100,000
	1967 —	28,441,209

● TAXES

General Assessment Rolls are compiled in the fall of each year for use, after confirmation by the Board of Revision, for taxation purposes during the following year. Notices are mailed December 31st.

How the Mill Rate is Established

The total estimated expenditures of the city (exclusive of utilities and less Business Tax and sundry revenues derived from sources other than the general tax) LESS the previous year's surplus or INCLUDING the previous year's deficit, as the case may be, equals the total estimated expenditures for which property taxes must be levied. This amount, when divided by the total real property assessment (including special franchise and excluding Business Tax), gives the tax rate for the year expressed in mills. (A mill is \$.001.)

The Court of Revision consists of three members appointed by by-law of the City Council and sits each year to hear appeals against assessment or non-assessment and to revise and confirm the assessment rolls. Appeals must be in the hands of the City Assessor within 21 days from the date of mailing of assessment notices. The mill rate is determined usually in March or April after all city department reports are in and assessment revisions have been made.

On purchasing property, it is necessary to appear at the Assessor's office and present for his information the Agreement for Sale or Title.

Real Property Tax

Tax rate for the year is expressed in mills.

1960	53.5
1961	57.5
1962	63.75
1963	63.0
1964	62.25
1965	47.5*
1966	47.5
1967	53.0
1968	60.6

*Reassessment applied in 1965.

Land and Building Assessment

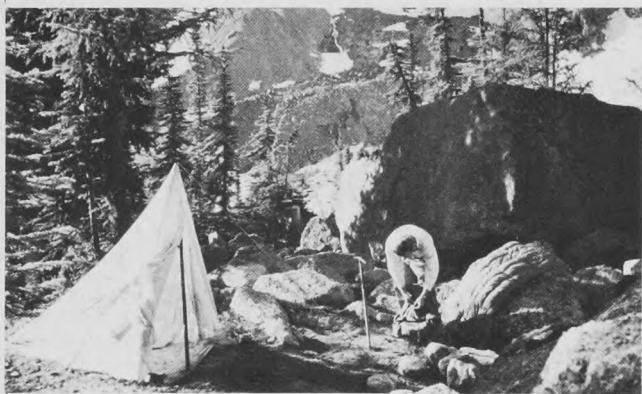
1960	\$355,484,010
1961	380,094,030
1962	417,120,970
1963	439,077,695
1964	458,420,235
1965	654,519,510
1966	687,192,888
1967	719,997,740
1968	755,934,740

Business Assessment Tax

The tax rate on all business is 10% of assessed rental value. As license fees are now based on the cost of supervision by the City, no rebate is given on Business Tax on account of any license fee paid to the City.

Sales Tax

No Provincial Sales Tax in Calgary or other Alberta municipalities.



● TRANSPORTATION

AIR

Calgary International Airport — McCall Field

The Calgary International Airport, the "World Crossroad Linking Five Continents", is located 5 miles North of the City centre on the Edmonton Trail, just 15 minutes from the downtown area. The Airport, owned and operated by the Department of Transport, covers approximately 2,700 acres.

On the East side of the Airport, are hangars for storage purposes and facilities for selling aircraft and for major aircraft overhaul. Several local companies operate flying schools, and charter flights from this side.

The Terminal Building, located on the West side, was completed in June 1956 and since that time, has had extensions on the West and South ends, with a further extension planned to the South. On the second floor is located the "BAR YC" (YC is the aviation radio call for Calgary) completed in December 1958 and the first Bar to be built in an Air Terminal Building in Canada! On the same floor is the Patio Dining Room, where a view of the City with the majestic Rocky Mountains in the background can be had from the Dining Room. Special features of the building are the Roomettes (another first for Calgary), a Conference Room rentable to the public, Taxi and U-Drive service, a comprehensive information desk, a complete Customs service available 7:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. daily; The Airways Coffee Shop and the Flight Kitchen where meals are prepared for aircraft passengers. Also featured in the main lobby is a mural, painted by a Lethbridge artist, showing some of our pioneers envisioning Calgary, as it is today.

The Department of Transport makes use of the Terminal Building, operating Surveillance Radar from the IFR (Instrument Flight Rules) Room, a Control Tower on 24 hour operation, and Meteorological Forecast Office. A V.O.R. (Variable Omni Range) is in operation and is located 5 miles East

of the Airport and a LF Radio Range is also in operation. West of the Terminal Building is the Golf Driving Range and Miniature Golf; the all concrete Field Aviation Hangar, containing 80,000 sq. ft. plus 26,000 sq. ft. in office space. To the right of the main entrance to the Airport, a camouflaged Lancaster Bomber is mounted on a concrete pedestal, in low flying position.

The Airport has three hard-surfaced runways:

1. 16-34 — 12,675' x 200' (N-S)
2. 10-28 — 8,000' x 200' (NW-SE)
3. 07-25 — 6,200' x 150' (E-W)

The main runway 16-34 is equipped with High Intensity Lighting and an Instrument Landing System and Precision Approach Radar, insuring full operation under all weather conditions. The airport is lit for night operations.

A new service started in mid-January 1966 with the Prairie Twilight Service, operated by Mel Air Service Limited, using PA-23 Aztec aircraft, flying from Swift Current, Regina, Medicine Hat and Calgary and return 6 days a week.

Starting May 16th, 1966 Lethbridge Air Services come to Calgary twice daily from Lethbridge and return with Beech 18 aircraft.

Calgary is serviced by 5 major airlines: Air Canada, CPA, PWA, Air West and WAL, plus two feederlines — Mel Air Services and Lethbridge Air Services.

Airport Statistics	1964	1965	1966	1967
Landings and take-offs	140,585	160,909	202,180	227,570
Passengers in and out				
Revenue	412,368	Not Available	624,397	751,190
Aircraft clearing Customs	2,822	2,993	3,858	3,899
Passengers clearing Customs	66,787	71,260	97,967	102,162
Freight, Express & Mail (in and out in lbs.)	7,797,037	9,263,905	11,088,658	12,577,643

Air Canada

Air Canada, with 64,000 route miles, serves Canada, the United States, United Kingdom, Continental Europe and the Caribbean.

Its all jet and turbine fleet of Viscounts, Vanguards, DC-8's and DC-9's provide frequent service to Winnipeg, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Vancouver and other busy Canadian centres such as Lethbridge, Edmonton, Regina, Saskatoon and Victoria.

Continuing or connecting flights provide service to points on the Pacific Coast, Eastern Canada and the U.S.A.

United Kingdom and Europe-bound travellers have a choice of frequent departures from Calgary, Edmonton, Winnipeg, Toronto and Montreal, with non-stop services during each week from Edmonton, Calgary and Winnipeg to Prestwick, Scotland and London, England.

The Caribbean area is readily accessible through both Toronto and Montreal.

Air Canada operates two flights weekly to Moscow, one via Copenhagen. It was the first North American air carrier to be granted permission to fly to Russia.

Canadian Pacific Airlines

Canadian Pacific Airlines operates direct service between Calgary, Amsterdam, Honolulu, Fiji, Auckland, Sydney, Tokyo, Hong Kong, Mexico City, Lima, Santiago and Buenos Aires. Their jets also operate out of Calgary to Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal, San Francisco, Lisbon, Madrid and Rome. Domestic services cover British Columbia, Northern Alberta and the Yukon.

Western Airlines

Western Airlines Inc., operate 2 Jet Prop Electra's South to the United States, with service to Great Falls, Denver, Salt Lake, Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Air West

Air West is the result of a recent merger of West Coast Airlines, Bonanza Airlines and Pacific Airlines. This new airline now covers the following eight States: Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah and Arizona and extends service from Calgary, Canada to Guaymas, La Paz, Mazatlan and Puerto Vallarta in the Republic of Mexico.

Pacific Western Airlines

Pacific Western Airlines operates an "Airbus" service between Edmonton and Calgary on a no-reservation system. Flights leave Calgary at 8:30 a.m. and 8:50 a.m.; 1:15 p.m., 5:45 p.m., 6:15 p.m., 8:45 p.m. and 10:30 p.m., daily except Saturday and Sunday. Flights depart Calgary Saturday at 10:45 a.m. and 8:45 p.m., Sunday at 8:45 p.m.

From Edmonton, Pacific Western operates scheduled service to 15 centres in the North West Territories, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. The most frequently served centres are Ft. Smith, Peace River, Dawson Creek, Ft. McMurray, Yellowknife, Hay River, Uranium City, Ft. Chipewyan, Norman Wells and Inuvik. Service to the smaller centres includes Ft. Simpson, Ft. Resolution, Cambridge Bay and Wrigley.

Due to increased activity in the Rainbow Lake oil field area, Pacific Western commenced regular scheduled air service into the new townsite of Rainbow December 21, 1966. Convair Jet-prop equipment was introduced on Northern routes April 23, 1967.

Also, Pacific Western is the only Canadian airline owning and operating a Lockheed Hercules for the purpose of transporting heavy cargo and equipment.

In addition to this, Pacific Western has aircraft available for either National, International and Overseas Charters.

TRAIN Canadian Pacific

On main transcontinental line of Canadian Pacific Railway over which the famous scenic-dome "Canadian", one of the world's finest passenger trains, provides luxurious travel to the seaports and business centres of the East and through the scenic wonders of the Canadian Rockies to the West Coast. Speedy Day-liner service is operated for passengers north to Edmonton and south to Lethbridge, serving all intermediate points.

For freight shipments, the "Day Saver" from Toronto and Montreal, provides third and fourth morning delivery respectively. Also, Canadian Pacific provides fast, dependable service in all directions over lines radiating from Calgary, the hub of Southern Alberta.

From a new modern Merchandise Services terminal prompt and convenient transportation by rail, highway and air is provided for package and less than carload freight. Combined rail and highway transportation is available by Canadian Pacific Piggyback Services. An average of 1,300 piggyback trailers per month are handled in Calgary.

The monthly average of Canadian Pacific freight trains arriving and departing from Calgary are as follows:

East	342	West	500
North	264	South	186

During 1967 Canadian Pacific constructed 13,500 feet of trackage in the Calgary area to serve 9 industrial firms. A modern "weigh-in-motion" track scale was completed at Keith in 1967 to weigh bulk commodity cars enroute to Vancouver. 1968 will see the start of a 12 million dollar three-year project to upgrade Alyth yard from its present capacity of 1660 cars per day to a thru capacity of 3000 cars per day by 1970. The new yard will be controlled by a digital computer.

Marathon Realty Company which administers all Canadian Pacific property not required for railway operation is engaged, in partnership with Husky Oil Canada Ltd., and Tundra Holdings, in redevelopment of the Calgary Station area. A 600-foot Husky Tower, with observation deck and revolving restaurant at its top, a Husky Office building, a new transportation centre and additions to the Hotel Palliser are planned to replace the existing station and Canadian Pacific Building.

The first stage of the five-level parking structure was started early in 1968 as part of the Palliser Square Development.

Canadian National

Calgary is the terminal for the Canadian National Railways' line from Saskatoon. It also operates two lines to Edmonton: one via Three Hills and Camrose and the other via Drumheller and Stettler.

Fast freight trains operate daily to and from Calgary providing direct service to all parts of Canada and the United States.

Daily passenger service is operated between Calgary and Edmonton connecting with Trans-Continental trains both east and west.

Express freight services are provided to and from Calgary via highway, rail and air, for less-than-carload and piggyback traffic.

CN plays an important and active part in the locating of new industries in Calgary and serves many of these industries with private sidings.

BUS

There are three bus lines operating out of Calgary. The **Greyhound** has buses going to Alberta points, to all other provinces, and the United States. **Sorensen Bus Lines** go to Consort and Turner Valley from Calgary. **Cardinal Coach Lines** operate school, charter and industrial bus service from Calgary.

TRUCK TRANSPORTATION

Calgary is one of Western Canada's major truck distribution centres located on the Trans-Canada Highway, providing east-west access as well as its location on Highway 2 providing north-south traffic to and from the United States border into the northern country. The all weather highways to and from Calgary make it economical and practical for the movement of all types of freight to the areas of Alaska and Northwest Territories and the oil fields of northern Alberta.

A survey made by the Alberta Motor Transport Association showed in excess of 2,000 trucks operating into and out of Calgary daily. All major truck lines in Alberta operate out of the city with direct service and inter-line service to any point in North America. There are sufficient specialty carriers to handle any form of product.

Calgary has 5 major truck terminals for line haul transport trucks, out of which 57 line haul transport companies operate daily services to the surrounding areas. It also has 10 truck and trailer leasing companies, and 26 cartage companies, along with 25 messenger and delivery service companies.

It has a major sufferance warehouse with on-location, the Canada Department of Customs. Western Canada's largest storage and distribution companies, of which there are 15, have modern facilities available for yard, dry and frozen storage.

Complete detailed services and rate information as to truck transportation may be obtained from the Alberta Shippers Guide which is published by the Alberta Motor Transport Association, 2613A - 14th Street S.W., Calgary 6, Alberta or the Western Tariff Bureau, 1116 Centre Street North, Calgary 41.

● CULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS

The Calgary Allied Arts Centre and its five hundred seat theatre is unique in Canada, and is administered as a Community Arts Centre by the Calgary Allied Arts Council, formed in 1946. The Council is representative of eighteen cultural and community organizations.

The Calgary Allied Arts Centre, located at 830 - 9th Ave. S.W. serves as a civic Art Gallery and a community Arts Centre, where a varied programme of instruction in the arts and crafts is available to both adults and children. Exhibitions of fine art, including the works of international, national and local artists are constantly on display.

The galleries are open to the public without charge from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Monday through Saturday and from 2 to 6 on Sunday. Closed on all statutory holidays. For further information please call — 263-6590.

THE ABOVE GALLERY HOURS ARE EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 4th, 1968. The Gallery will be closed to the public from June 1st, due to extensive renovations.

**Glenbow - Alberta Institute
Glenbow Foundation
902 - 11th Ave. S.W.
(Telephone 245-4741)**

**Glenbow Foundation — Alberta Government
Museum, Calgary (Telephone 245-4741)**

The Glenbow Alberta Institute is centrally situated on 7th Avenue and 5th Street S.W. A general museum, including exhibits of pioneer, Indian, military, natural history, fine arts and other materials drawn from the collections of Glenbow Foundation. Certain exhibits are changed periodically.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. Tuesdays through Saturdays.
Sundays and Holidays, 11:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Closed Mondays unless a declared holiday.

Charge: Adults 50¢, unaccompanied children 10¢. Special group tours by arrangement.

**Glenbow Historical Library and
Archives, Calgary (Telephone 245-4741)**

The Glenbow Historical Library and Archives is situated in Memorial Park at 12th Avenue and 2nd Street S.W. The material concentrates on the history of Western Canada but also contains extensive reference works on natural history, archeology, military matters, horses and horsemanship, art and fine art. Open without charge to students, researchers and the public for information and reference. The material may be examined on the premises only and no lending library facilities are available.

Luxton Museum, Banff (Telephone 762-2388)

The Luxton Museum is operated by the Glenbow Alberta Institute of Calgary exhibiting Indian artifacts, natural history, specimens and scenes from Indian life.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 12 noon; 1:30 p.m. to 5 p.m.
Tuesdays through Sundays.

Charge: Adults and unaccompanied children 50¢.

The Calgary Centennial Planetarium

The Calgary Centennial Planetarium opened its doors to the public on July 1st, 1967. It was constructed as the official centennial project of the City of Calgary. Daring in its architectural design, the Planetarium encompasses many facets of an educational complex. Programs dealing with various aspects of astronomy are presented daily for the general public through the medium of a Zeiss-Jena Planetarium projector located in the 254 seat Celestial Chamber. Special programs for school children and youth organizations also are given. A 265 seat lecture theatre offers a variety of programs from film shows to public lectures. This theatre is also available to groups in the city for concerts, dramatic presentations, or general meetings. A science museum, displays, and a public observatory round out the facilities of this enterprising adventure of the citizens of Calgary. The Calgary Chamber of Commerce as its centennial project presented to the Planetarium nine portraits of outstanding Canadian astronomers, done in black oxide stain on opaque white glass by V. C. Thompson, a Calgary artist. The portraits are located in each of the nine circular windows located in the hallway surrounding the Star Chamber.)



Provincial Jubilee Auditorium

April 28th, 1957, saw the opening of the Provincial Auditorium in the City of Calgary for the benefit of all citizens of Southern Alberta. Its purpose is to provide a suitable place for concerts, dramatic performances and other entertainment and to serve as a place for Alberta cultural groups to practice and perform their acts. Exhibition places for art and handicrafts are provided for within the building. There are smaller rooms for conferences and conventions. The seating capacity of the main auditorium is 2,700.

Libraries

There is one main library at the Central Library Building, 7th Avenue and 2nd Street S.E., which includes administrative offices, main book collection for adults and children and a film and record collection. In addition there are twelve branches and four bookmobiles.

● RECREATION

Calgary Exhibition and Stampede

The Exhibition has been held annually since 1885. The Stampede became part of the Exhibition in 1923. The prize money for livestock, horse racing and stampede events totalled over \$624,000 in 1968. 1969 dates are July 3rd to 12th inclusive.

Attendance:

1960	-----	526,431	1964	-----	573,560
1961	-----	514,857	1965	-----	559,764
1962	-----	585,667	1966	-----	654,120
1963	-----	572,246	1967	-----	798,585

Exhibition Grounds

The Exhibition Grounds cover 110 acres. The Exhibition Buildings are valued at approximately \$10,000,000 including fireproof grandstand accommodating 13,000 and 5,000 in open stands and the Corral seating 6,600 valued at \$2,000,000. In 1959 a multi-purpose exhibits building and curling rink was built and equipped at a cost of \$2,350,000. In the winter this building houses 48 sheets of curling ice.

Other events at the Exhibition Grounds in addition to the annual Exhibition and Stampede are: Annual Short Course and Seed Fair; horse races; Horse Show; purebred cattle, sheep and swine sales; curling bonspiels; hockey; skating; wrestling and boxing events; banquets and exhibits. A number of musical events are held each year in the Corral.



St. George's Island Zoo and Dinosaur Park **Open All Year**

Whatever the weather a visit to the zoo on St. George's Island in east Calgary is a must for all the family. Numerous exhibition houses provide shelter in inclement weather, pleasant tree-lined walks shade on hot summer days. Here can be seen one of the finest collections of wild animals on the American continent, gathered from all the corners of the globe. Native Albertan animals share a man-made wonderland with their exotic relatives. Something in the region of 1,200 individual animals and birds are resident on the island and can be compared with the many lifesize models of prehistoric animals in the Dino-



saur Park, long since vanished from the face of the earth. The Tropical Aviary offers enjoyment to young and old alike, familiar tropical fruits grow side by side with the not so familiar. Visitors are assured eye-catching seasonal displays. Adequate picnic facilities are available. A wide range of food and beverages can be obtained from several points conveniently situated around the island. From the heights overlooking the island, an impressive panorama of Calgary and the mountains unfolds.

Memorial Park

(12th Avenue & 4th Street S.W.)

Site of War Memorials and features magnificent flower beds and landscaping.

Calgary Brewery Aquarium

A fascinating display of fish and reptiles from all parts of the world is owned and operated by the Calgary Brewery on the Brewery grounds, 9th Avenue and 15th Street S.E. Visitors are also invited to tour the beautiful Gardens and the Horseman's Hall of Fame. Adjacent to the Aquarium is the world's largest indoor Trout Hatchery. Open every weekday in the summer from 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., and Sundays, 1:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m., and in the winter on weekdays from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., and on Sundays from 1:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., closed Mondays. Admission: 35c adults, children under 16 free if accompanied, otherwise 10c.

Calgary Brewery Horseman's Hall of Fame

The spirit and colour of the Old West is captured in life-size dioramas of historical characters and events at the Calgary Brewing and Malting Company Horseman's Hall of Fame, located in the Aquarium Building at the Calgary Brewery grounds. Admission and hours — see Aquarium.

Heritage Park

A 60 acre park depicting many features of life in this western land during the period prior to 1914. Main features include a standard gauge railroad, 180 passenger sternwheeler boat, Canmore Opera House, and a village complete with exhibits provided by many interested donors.



Happy Valley

A pleasant ten minute drive west on No. 1 highway brings you to Calgary's year round playground. Over 400 acres of river valley turned into a family paradise featuring—Indoor and outdoor swimming pools, wading pools, picnic tables and picnic shelters, barbecues, golf driving range, miniature golf, 9 hole par three, trout ponds, trampolines, go-karts, trail rides, ponyland, kiddieland rides such as scenic train, merry-go-round, kiddies go-karts, a cool ride on the lagoon with pedal boats, a restaurant, grocery store, and miles of playground area. During the winter there is skiing, tobogganing and skating for your enjoyment. You may drive your car right to your picnic table or park on one of the many paved parking lots. A nominal charge for gate entry admits all members of the family to a real day of fun. Tent and trailer facilities available.

For information phone 288-5222 or 288-5322.

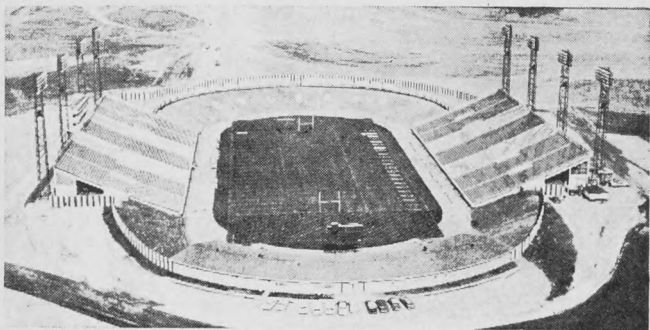
Bowness Park

A large family recreation area, 8 miles from City Centre, containing kiddies' rides, canceing and picnic grounds.

10th Street N.W. Rock Gardens

An outstanding City Park with around 2,000 varieties of plants from all over the world, at 10th Street and 9th Avenue N.W.

McMahon Stadium



City Recreation Areas

Public Parks — Ornamental	more than 670 acres
Swimming Pools — Indoor	4
Outdoor	8
Golf Courses	11
Community Parks with baseball backstops	120
Community Pleasure Skating Rinks	147
Community Hockey Rinks	98
Playgrounds with Tot-lot Equipment	159
Stadia and Ball Parks (city-operated)	6
Artificial Ice Arena	4
Winter recreation centres	28

(Use of School Auditoriums)

Glenmore

1,200 acres of land; 700 acres of water; ideal picnic and yachting basin.

Fish and Game

Popular trout fishing areas are the Highwood, Sheep, Elbow, Jumping Pound, Bow and Red Deer Rivers as well as Kananaskis and Spray Lakes. Pike fishing is popular at MacGregor, Travers and Newell Lakes and in the Bow River east of Carseland. The lakes and streams of Banff National Park, 77 miles west, abound with trout.

ANGLING LICENSE FEES

Resident and Non-Resident Canadian	\$ 3.00
Non-Resident Alien Angling License	\$10.00

Angling Licenses valid from April 1st to March 31st following.

Angling Licenses required by all fishermen, except children under 16 years of age.

A Non-Resident

"Non-Resident Alien" means a non-resident who has not resided in Canada for one year previous on the date he applies for a license.

NOTE: A Non-Resident or a Non-Resident Alien shall not hunt Big Game.

(a) in W.M.U.'s S400-408, 412-444, F350-356, M511-514, M518-538.

Unless he is accompanied by a licensed Guide, or

(b) in any other part of the Province unless he is accompanied by a Licensed Guide pursuant to the Act or by a Resident of the Province.

License Fees

WILDLIFE CERTIFICATE (Resident, Non-Resident and Non-Resident Alien)	\$2.00
--	--------

No person shall hunt Big Game or Bird Game without a valid and subsisting Wildlife Certificate.

Non-Residents

Non-Resident Alien Big Game	\$150.00
Non-Resident Big Game	75.00
Non-Resident, Non-Resident Alien Spring Bear	25.00
Non-Resident Alien Bird Game	25.00
Non-Resident Bird Game	5.00
Non-Resident, Non-Resident Alien Whitetail	15.00
Non-Resident, Non-Resident Alien Special	50.00

Residents

Resident Sheep	\$7.50
Non-Trophy Sheep (Application Only)	5.00
Resident Goat	7.50
Resident Antelope (Application Only)	7.50
Resident Whitetail Deer	3.00
Resident Mule Deer	3.00
Camp Wainwright Deer (Application Only)	5.00
Resident Spring Bear	5.00
Resident Caribou	7.50
Resident Elk	5.00
Resident Bird	2.50
Resident Grizzly Bear	7.50
Resident Moose	5.00
Resident Moose — Area One	5.00
Resident Sage Grouse (Application Only)	1.00
Resident Guides License (Application Only)	2.50

For each metal tag issued for a Big Game animal to replace one lost, destroyed, or surrendered (may be obtained only at Fish and Wildlife Division Offices)



MOUNTAINS

Calgary enjoys exceptional mountain recreation facilities within easy driving distance. Paved highway driving time is only 1½ hours to Banff, 2 hours to Lake Louise, Radium 3 hours, Waterton Lakes 3½ hours, Jasper 5 hours.

Recreation is as ample and varied as the scenic areas are near. Hiking, swimming, golfing, fishing, mountain climbing, riding or simple relaxing in superb surroundings are only some of the summer possibilities.

Winter provides skiing for every degree of ability, hot-pool swimming, skating, power-tobogganing and sleigh riding, to mention only a few.

At all times of the year, photography is popular as photogenic subjects are unlimited. Hobbies like bird watching and rock hunting are always available. Few, if any, Canadian cities can offer the so-near, so-unique and so-interesting outdoor pleasures.

Because of the protection provided all game animals in the National Parks, Calgary is the hub of big game hunting, the equal of anything in the world. Elk, moose, deer, bear, goat and sheep, raised in the protection of the mountain reserves, become trophy items for hunters around the world when the cold weather and hunting season coincide to bring the game down from the reserves to choice hunting areas.

Upland game birds, Ring Neck Pheasant and Hungarian Partridge, plus ducks, geese and other water fowl add to the sport shooting available in the Calgary area.

All of which adds up to the simple fact that Calgary is a very pleasant city in which to live and work.

● CONSTRUCTION

Building Permits

Year	No. of Permits	Amount
1910	1,499	\$ 5,589,594
1920	870	2,806,100
1930	1,545	4,054,361
1940	1,523	2,678,841
1950	4,136	25,864,339
1960	5,846	68,918,044
1965	5,952	129,126,527
1966	5,784	114,392,231
1967	6,644	136,945,323

1967 Building Permit Totals

2263	Residences — New	\$ 34,206,053.00
204	Duplex	4,226,153.00
85	Apartments	12,003,000.00
1185	Residential Repairs	1,687,165.00
28	Offices	12,524,250.00
8	Service Stations	370,000.00
4	Hotel - Motel	1,121,000.00
7	Mercantile	1,878,964.00
71	Industrial	3,189,414.00
61	Warehouses	4,227,783.00
410	Commercial Repairs	5,579,915.00
76	Miscellaneous	5,023,548.00
24	Government	18,058,936.00
3	Institutional — New	2,800,500.00
5	Institutional — Repairs	4,331,384.00
12	Schools — New	13,062,156.00
26	Schools — Repairs	9,109,632.00
6	Churches — New	1,507,051.00
8	Churches — Repairs	293,950.00
1655	Garages & Sheds	1,489,272.00
503	Signs	255,197.00
6644		\$136,945,323.00

Housebuilding by Year

	No. of Completions	Average Cost Per House
1960	4,493	12,095
1961	3,830	11,247
1962	4,610	14,684
1963	3,783	14,885
1964	3,648	16,000
1965	3,924	15,500
1966	3,200	16,000
1967	4,992	17,000

Banks

Bank of Canada	1
Bank of Montreal	18
Bank of Nova Scotia	17
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	28
The Toronto-Dominion Bank	14
Royal Bank of Canada	23
Provincial Treasury Branch	4
Industrial Development Bank	1
Mercantile Bank of Canada	1

● RENTAL OF OFFICE SPACE

From \$2.25 to \$7.50 a square foot per year, depending upon location and other factors.

● LICENSES

Provincial Trade Licenses

For application forms and information on licences required, write Department of Industry and Development, Licensing of Trades & Businesses, 514a - 5th Avenue S.W.

Types of businesses requiring Licences:

Auctioneers	Bowling & Billiards
Automotive Industry	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
Baking Industry	Commercial Printing
Barber Trade	Flour & Feed Mills
Beauty Culture Trade	Funeral Directors

Cleaning & Dyeing Trade
Manufacturing of Margarine
Photo Finishing Industry
Retail Trade
Wholesale Trade
Tourist Camps

Junk Dealers
Meat Packing Industry
Restaurants
Trade Schools
Saw Mills
Commercial Agents

City Licenses

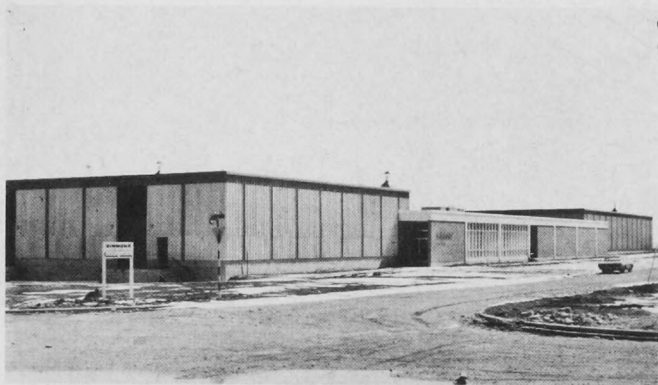
Operators of premises which are subject to supervision by Health, Police, Fire and Building Departments require City licenses. These City licenses are required in addition to Provincial licenses. Write License Dept., City of Calgary, for Fees.

● INDUSTRY

Calgary Industrial Advantages

The industries in Calgary are varied. The advantages they have found in Calgary are:

1. Abundance of pure water. The City receives its supply from the Elbow River.
2. Abundant and non-interruptable natural gas available at the lowest cost for any major Canadian city.
3. Low cost and reliable electricity for both lighting and power.
4. Good transportation facilities. Served by trans-continental railway, bus and international airlines. Calgary is at the junction of the all-weather, east-west Trans-Canada Highway and the north-south No. 2 and Alaska Highways.
5. A friendly city in which to raise a family. Excellent living conditions.
6. Stable and skilled labour force.
7. Centre of rich farm and ranch land.
8. A well balanced economy based on agriculture, mining, construction and manufacturing.
9. Planned Industrial Parks. Fully serviced sites in both City-developed and privately-developed areas start at \$6,500. per acre.
10. Calgary is centrally located in the rapidly expanding Western Canadian market of over 5 million people.
11. Technical training facilities and university courses.



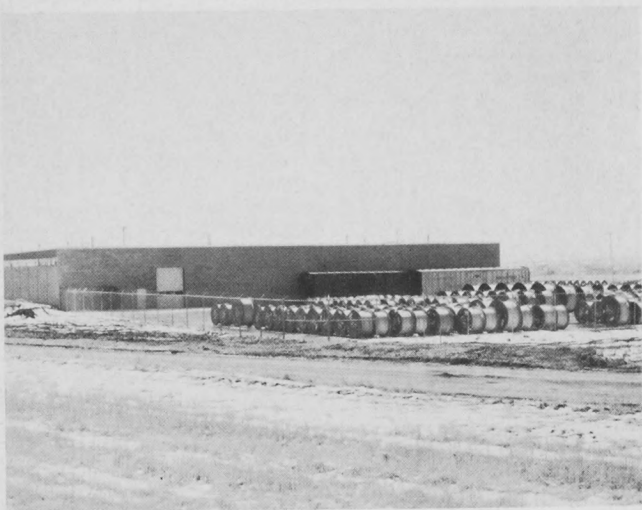
BEDDING FACTORY

Industries of Calgary

Acetylene Gas	Insulation Material
Aerated and Mineral Waters	Insulated Window Units
Aerosol Packaging	Iron Gates and Fences
Alcohol (industrial)	Jewellery
Agricultural Machinery	Knitted Goods
Aluminum Extrusions	Leather Goods
Aluminum Windows and Doors	Light Weight Aggregates and Building Material
Artificial Limbs	Liquid Air
Asphalt Products	Malting
Auto Accessories	Mattresses
Awnings and Tents	Meat Packing
Bags (cotton, jute and paper)	Mining Machinery
Bakery Products	Monumental and Ornamental Stone
Battery Plants	Multi-Wall Paper Bags
Beds	Nails (common and treated)
Biscuits	Oil Bits
Boxes (wooden)	Oil Well Equipment
Boxes (corrugated and plain cardboard)	Oil Refinery
Brass Foundry	Optical Glass Grinding
Breakfast Foods	Ornamental Iron Railings and Furniture
Breweries	Paper Containers
Bricks	Petroleum Products
Bridge Building and Structural Steel	Pharmaceutical Preparations
Brushes	Planing Mills
Caskets	Plaster (gypsum)
Castings and Forgings	Polyethylene Film and Bags
Cement and Cement Blocks	Potato Chips
Ceramic Tile	Prefabricated Houses and Buildings
Chemicals	Pressure Vessels
Clay Pigeons	Propane
Cocktail Snacks	Radio (Two-Way)
Concrete (Prestressed Product)	Ranching
Confectionery	Railway
Culverts	Reinforcing Steel
Dairy Products	Rolling Stock
Disinfectants	Sash and Door Factories
Drilling Bits	Saw Mills
Dry Soup Mixes	Seed Dressings
Dynamite	Septic Tanks (Fibreglass)
Electrical Accessories	Sheet Metal Products
Electrical Equipment	Shoes (womens)
Electrical Signs	Showcases
Envelopes	Shuffle Boards
Farming	Small Diameter Plastic Pipe
Feed Mills	Soft Drinks
Fertilizer	Spices
Fire Engine Assembly	Sports Jackets & Crest
Frozen Fish Fillets	Stage Lighting Equipment
Flour Mills	Sulphur Extraction from Natural Gas
Fur Goods	Tanning
Furnaces (gas fires)	Tanks
Furniture	Tar Paper
Games	Tailoring
Garment Manufacturing	Telephone Equipment Assembly
Gin	Tires (auto, truck, tractor)
Glass (ornamental)	Tools and Dies
Glass Sealants and Glazing Compounds	Tracked Vehicles
Greenhouses	T.V. Tubes (re-built)
Hats and Caps	Upholstering
Heat Exchangers and Fin Tubes	Urea Chemicals
Hide Curing	
Horse Trailers	
Hosiery	

Valves
Venetian Blinds
Water Heaters
Wallboard (gypsum)
Washing Compounds
Wax Base Weed Killer

Whiskey
Wines
Wire (woven reinforcing)
Wood Working Plants
Yeast



WIRE-CABLE PLANT

Industrial Growth — 1967-1968

Local petroleum industry authorities have stated recently there is more office building construction going on in Calgary connected with the industry than anywhere else in North America and perhaps the world. The current boom in high-rise offices in our central core area totals close to \$100,000,000. and is really fantastic at a time when tight money and scarcity of mortgaging is limiting construction in other parts of Canada.

New Office Summary

Perhaps a summary or "box score" of the office building boom might be in order at this point. Here it is:

Palliser Square (Husky Oil - Marathon Realty). \$40 million, Husky Tower, Husky Oil head office tower of 35 storeys, plus shopping plaza, transportation centre and six-floor parking structure.

Calgary Place (Mobil Oil, Maxwell Cummings & Associates, Toronto-Dominion Bank), \$20 million program to include two towers, shopping plaza, theatre, etc.

Royal Bank Building, \$11 million, 22 storey structure spanning 8th to 9th Avenues at 3rd Street West.

Pacific 66 Plaza, \$8 million, 20 storeys including shopping mall and walk-over at 15-foot level to connect adjacent high rise apartments.

Aquitaine of Canada Ltd., \$5 million, 20 storeys to house head office of French company which controls Banff Oils.

Alberta & Southern Gas Co. Ltd., \$2 million, 12 storeys, new head office of gas distribution company.

John J. Bowlen Building (Alberta Government), \$6 million, 12 storeys to consolidate and accommodate expansion of various government departments serving Southern Alberta.

Building Permits Up

Calgary appears headed for another record construction year. For the first three months of 1968, the building permit total was \$40,357,172, as compared to \$18,594,481 for the first quarter of 1967. Housing and apartment construction are surging ahead with many large projects planned for an early start. In addition, at least one major shopping centre (Northland Centre by Petro-Chemical Buildings) is planned for a 1968 start. The ultimate price tag on the huge project is \$88 million. The 1968 new industry parade is headed by a \$3,000,000 pipe mill by Canada Iron Foundries on a 20-acre southeast Calgary site.

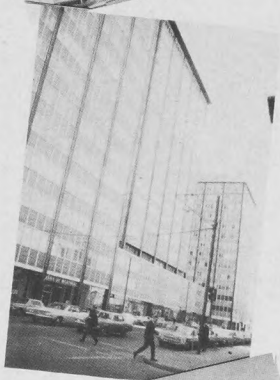
All of this activity, much of it associated with the oil and gas industry, provides an appropriate setting or background for Canada's largest petroleum trade show. This is, of course, the National Petroleum Show, to be held May 7th to 10th in the Big Four Building at the Calgary Exhibition & Stampede Grounds. The show and a series of association meetings held here that week will attract over 8,000 visitors to Calgary. And this show could be the forerunner of a regular petroleum trade exposition rivalling the International Petroleum Exposition held in Tulsa, Oklahoma every five years.

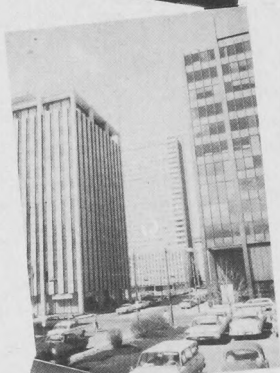
Calgary Employment

All inquiries regarding employment in the Calgary area should be directed to the Canada Manpower Centre, Department of Manpower and Immigration, 1123 - 4th Street S.W., Calgary. Telephone 263-0540.

This office services the district bounded by the B.C. border on the west, Bassano on the east, Parkland on the south, and Didsbury on the north.

In this area there are approximately 8,728 firms.





● WAGES AND SALARIES

Wages and Salaries as of 1st April, 1968 Building and Construction Trades

	Rate of pay per hour
Asbestos Workers	\$3.55
Boiler Maker (Const.)	3.95
Bricklayers	3.50
Building Labourers	2.40
Carpenters	3.45
Cat Operators	3.10
Cement Finishers	2.85
Electrical Workers	3.55
Elevator Constructors	3.66
Glaziers	3.15
Granite Cutters	3.50
Iron Worker/Ornamental	2.90
Iron Worker/Rodman	2.93
Iron Worker/Structural	3.85
Lather, metal	3.70
Machinist	3.55
Marble Setters	3.45
Millwrights	3.55
Millworkers	2.40
Mosaic and Terrazo Workers	3.45
Mosaic and Terrazo Helpers	2.40
Painters—brush	3.10
Painters—spray	3.30
Plasterers	3.65
Plumbers	3.80
Resilient Tile Layer (Lino)	2.50
Roofers (composition)	2.80
Scraper Operator	3.10
Sheet Metal Worker	3.95
Shovel Operator	3.10
Steamfitters	3.80
Stone Cutters	3.50
Stone Masons	3.50
Teamsters	1.70 to 2.40
Tile Setter (hand)	3.45
Tile Helper	2.40
Welders, Construction	2.95 to 3.10

ADMINISTRATION, PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL

Accountants	\$500 to \$1200 per month
Chemists	560 to 800 per month
Computers	500 to 700 per month
Draftsmen, Design	450 to 700 per month
Draftsmen, Experienced	400 to 650 per month
Engineers—Chemical	625 to 1400 per month
—Petroleum	625 to 1500 per month
—Civil	600 to 900 per month
—Electrical	625 to 1000 per month
—Mechanical	625 to 1000 per month
Geologist—less than 3 yrs. ex.	625 to 750 per month
—3 to 5 yrs. experience	750 to 1500 per month
Geophysicist	750 to 1500 per month
Instrument Man	400 to 700 per month
Pharmacists	550 to 700 per month
Observers	400 to 750 per month
Nurses, Registered	410 per month and up

MALE—GENERAL

Bookkeepers	\$275 to \$500 per month
Hairdressers (male)	50 per week plus comm.
Mechanics — auto	3.05 per hour
Mechanics — heavy duty	3.05 per hour
Office Clerks (experienced)	350 per month and up
Oil Drillers	3.80 per hour
Oil Driller Helpers	2.90 per hour
Order Desk Clerks	350 per month and up
Plant Workers	1.65 to 2.60 per hour
Printers, journeyman	3.25 per hour
Routemen	75 to 125 per week
Receivers	300 per month and up
Salesmen, Industrial	400 to 600 per month
Sales Personnel	65 to 85 per week plus comm.
Shipping Clerks	300 per month and up
Seismic Drillers	2.20 to 2.50 per hour
Seismic Driller Helper	1.50 to 2.00 per hour
Surveyors (seismic)	500 to 550 per month
Truck drivers, light	1.50 to 2.25 per hour
Truck drivers, heavy	1.65 to 2.60 per hour
Waiters (bar)	70 per week
Tapman	80 per week
Bartender (mixer)	100 per week
Waiter (cocktail)	70 per week
Bar Porter	76.50 per week

FEMALE—GENERAL

Bank Clerk	\$3,000 per year and up
Bookkeepers	300 per month and up
Bookkeeping Machine Operators	275 per month and up
Cashiers office	275 per month and up
Cashiers retail	200 to 325 per month
Cashiers supermarket	1.60 to 2.35 per hour
Chambermaids	1.25 per hour
Comptometer Operators	250 to 355 per month
Cooks, general	1.35 to 1.75 per hour
Counter clerk (retail)	1.25 to 1.50 per hour
Hairdressers	50 per week plus comm.
Lab Technicians	350 to 450 per month
Nurses Aides, certified	290 per month
Nurses, Registered	410 per month
Office Clerks	225 per month and up
Receptionists	225 to 325 per month
Sales Clerks	60 per week
Dry Cleaner workers	1.35 per hour
Secretaries (private)	330 to 500 per month
Stenographer, junior	250 to 275 per month
Stenographer, experienced	300 to 375 per month
Switchboard Operators	235 to 275 per month
Typists and Clerk Typists	225 to 300 per month
Waitresses, general	1.25 to 1.35 per hour
Waitresses, Clubs, Lounge	1.35 to 1.50 per hour
Transcribing Machine Operators	275 to 300 per month

Calgary's Oil and Gas Industry

Calgary is known as the "Oil and Gas Capital of Canada" and has been since 1914 with the discovery of oil and gas 24 miles southwest of Calgary in the Turner Valley field. The City is the headquarters for over 300 oil and gas firms employing 12,000 persons whose wages and salaries total over \$70 million annually. These firms occupy 3.1 million square feet of occupied building space, have an investment of over \$72 million in buildings and contribute over 13% of the total city revenue in the form of business and property tax.

Of the estimated 20,000 Albertans directly employed by the Industry, over 97% are Canadian citizens comprising 5% of Alberta's total working force. With only an estimated 25% of Alberta's ultimate petroleum and natural gas **reserves** so far proved up, and with the petroleum and natural gas Industry accounting for 40% of the provincial government revenue since 1947, in the form of royalty payments, Crown land sales, fees and rentals, the impact of the Industry on the welfare of Calgary is most significant.

Calgary is surrounded by natural gas fields, and the large-scale export of gas to the United States and Eastern Canada, which has been underway since 1961, and is steadily gaining in momentum, has contributed very substantially to the growth and development of this city.

The products from the output of petroleum and natural gas are being processed by an increasing number of large plants in Calgary and its surrounding area. These include sulphur production, the manufacture of commercial fertilizers, synthetic rubber, and for the Industry's field use, oil well equipment, metal pipe, electrical equipment and tracked vehicles.

Thus, Calgary, as the administrative and financial centre of the Industry which is Canada's largest source of mineral wealth, is prominent in all phases of the steady and undiminished growth of the petroleum and gas Industry.

The petroleum and natural gas exploration, development, and production Industry in Canada spends over **\$2,900,000** daily on goods and services. Calgary, as the centre of this activity, is the home of the second largest Industry in western Canada in terms of employment and produced revenue.

● EDUCATION

Public Schools

	Number of Schools	Enrolment 1968	Number of Teachers
Senior High Schools, Junior High and Elementary Schools, 2 Vocational Schools	145	68,849	3,147

Separate Schools

	Number of Schools	Enrolment 1968	Number of Teachers
Senior High Schools, Junior High and Elementary Schools	52	17,573	780

The compulsory ages for school attendance are from seven to fifteen years. Beginners commence school at the age of 6. The necessary text books and supplies, including exercise books, pencils, etc., are supplied free to pupils of Grades 1 to 9 inclusive.

Southern Alberta Institute of Technology



The following is an approximate figure for each category concerned:

ENROLMENT

Institute Day Students	2,300
Correspondence	1,800
Evening Classes	5,000
Apprentices	3,600
TOTAL	12,700

Technology Division

Aeronautical Engineering Technology (3 years); Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Technology (2 years); Aircraft Maintenance Technology (2 years); Architectural Technology (2 and 3 years); Automotive Service Technology (2 years); Broadcast Technology (3 years); Chemical Technology (2 years); Chemical Research Technology (2 years); Biochemical Technology (2 years); Chemical Operations Technology (2 years); Computer Technology (2 years); Dietary Service Technology (2 years); Drafting Technology (2 and 3 years); Electrical Technology (2 and 3 years); Electronic Technology (3 years); Telecommunication Technology (3 years); Manufacturing Technology (3 years); Mechanical Design Technology (2 years); Medical Laboratory Technology (2 years); Medical Records Personnel (1 year); Petroleum Technology (2 years); Power Engineering Technology (2 years); Recreation Facility Technology (2 years); Structural Technology (2 and 3 years); Surveying Technology (2 years).

Cultural Division (Alberta College of Art)

Advertising Arts (4 years); Applied Art and General Crafts (4 years); Fine Art (4 years); Fine Art Sculpture (4 years); Pottery and Ceramics (4 years).

Applied Arts Division

Business Administration (2 years); Graphic Arts Administration (2 years); Hotel, Motel and Restaurant Administration (2 years); Journalism Administration (2 years); Library Arts (2 years); Merchandising Administration (2 years); Secretarial Arts (2 years); Television, Stage and Radio Arts (2 years).

Trade Division

Commercial Cooking (2 years); Commercial Baking (2 years); Diesel Mechanics (1 year); Dining Room Service (9 weeks); Short Order and Specialty Cooking (1 year); Welding Courses (3 and 6 weeks); Sewing Crafts (25 weeks).

Fees for day courses are \$65 and \$80 per year.

A total of 183 evening courses are offered to persons residing in the Metropolitan Calgary area and in Southern Alberta. Evening courses are designed to upgrade men and women engaged in various industrial fields.

The Correspondence Instruction Division offers courses in Power Engineering, Automatic Controls, Dietary Service Training and Practical Mathematics to students all over Canada.

The Institute provides technical training for apprentices in the following trades: Auto Body Mechanic, Carpenter, Communication Electrician, Construction Electrician, Cook, Glass Worker, Heavy Duty Mechanic, Iron Worker, Machinist, Motor Mechanic, Plumber, Radio Technician, Refrigeration Mechanic, Roofer, Sheet Metal Mechanic, Welder.

Mount Royal Junior College

1. Junior College Programs

Program "A" — University of Calgary transfer, first year studies in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Pre-Medicine, Pre-Veterinary, Household Economics, Education, Physical Education. Running September to April or January to August. Entrance requirement — senior matriculation.

Program "B" — American and Eastern Canadian transfer programs. First two years to study in Arts and Science, Social Welfare, Business Administration, Religious Education, Engineering, Journalism, Interior Design, Optometry, Petroleum Land Management, Physical Education, Recreation and Architecture (one year only). Admission in fall only. Entrance requirement — high school diploma.

Program "C" — University of Calgary transfer. Same courses of study as Program "A". Designed for students who are within one high school subject of achieving senior matriculation. Students take four university subjects and one high school subject.

Program "D" — Adult high school. Most Grade XII high school courses are offered plus a number of non-credit preparatory courses.

Program "E" — Career Programs—One and two-year programs of study designed to qualify graduates for specific jobs. Programs include Agro-Business, Business Administration, Religious Education, Interior Design, Journalism, Music, Nursing, Broadcasting, Recreation, Secretarial Science, Correctional Career Program, Agency Welfare and Computer Programming.

2. **Evening College** — Program of study includes:
 - a. Business Diploma Program.
 - b. Grade XII and Preparatory subjects .
 - c. Interest courses.
 - d. Credit Junior College courses.
3. **Division of Fine Arts:** Instruction in Voice, Piano, Organ, Strings, Brass, Woodwinds and other instruments: three Orchestras, one Band and a Choral Society; speech training, Drama, Theatre and Speech Therapy.
4. **Summer School:** Grade XII (six weeks).
5. **Coaching School:** Preparation for high school final and supplemental examinations.

1967-68 Enrolment	Total
Programs "A" & "C"	410
Business Administration	180
Business Diploma Program	447
Christian Education	6
Social Welfare	88
Engineering	43
Evening College	519
Adult High School	653
Interior Design	111
Journalism	19
Music and Speech Arts	1,687
Physical Education	32
Broadcasting	12
Recreation	618
Secretarial Science	119
Summer School (1967)	138
Spring Coaching School (1967)	437
Summer Coaching School (1967)	182
Nursing	54
Arts & Science (Program "B")	155
TOTAL	5,910
Number of students in College residences	166

The University of Calgary



University Drive and 24th Ave. N.W.

DEGREE PROGRAMMES

Bachelor of Arts

Complete programmes leading to Honours B.A. (4 years) and B.A. (3 years) are available in a wide variety of disciplines in the humanities and social sciences.

Bachelor of Science

Complete programmes leading to Honours B.Sc. (4 years) and B.Sc. (3 years) are available in all areas of the sciences.

Bachelor of Education

Complete programmes leading to B.Ed. (4 year) degree. The B.Ed. degree also available to B.A. or B.Sc. graduates who complete a special programme.

Bachelor of Commerce

Complete programmes leading to B. Comm. (4 year) degree available in the Faculty of Business.

Engineering

Complete programmes leading to B.Sc. degree (4 years) in various fields of engineering. Post graduate Diploma programmes are also offered.

Fine Arts Degrees

Programmes leading to degrees in Art, Music and Drama are available in the Faculty of Fine Arts. It offers the degrees of B. Mus. (4 years), B.A. in Art, M.A. in Art, and B.F.A. in Art and Drama.

Bachelor of Physical Education

The School of Physical Education offers professional courses leading to Honours B.P.E. (4 years) and B.P.E. (3 years). A first-year programme leading to a B.A. in Recreational Leadership is also available.

Social Welfare

The School of Social Welfare offers a two-year post-graduate programme leading to a Master's degree in Social Work (M.S.W.).

Medicine

The Faculty of Medicine is presently being developed and will accept its first pre-medical students in the fall of 1968.

Graduate Studies

Most departments offer graduate programmes to a Master's level and the Ph.D. programme is available in specific disciplines. A number of departments have special authority to admit specific students to programmes leading to the Doctorate.

Other Courses

Programme prerequisites for entry into dentistry and law are available in the Faculty of Arts and Science. Course selections are also available for admission to the second year in agriculture, household economics and nursing.

1967-68 Enrolment

A—Full-Time Students

Arts and Fine Arts	1,239
Commerce	330
Education	1,387
Engineering	451
Physical Education	168
Science	781
Special undergraduate	56
Others (agriculture, nursing, household economics)	64
Graduate Students	451
Special Graduates	8
	<hr/>
	4,935

Part-Time Students

Daytime Undergraduates	768
Daytime Graduates	136
Evening Credit Undergraduates	756
Evening Credit Graduates	23
Summer Session (1967) Undergraduates	1,730
Summer Session Graduates	79
	<hr/>
	3,492
	<hr/>
GRAND TOTAL	8,427



● UTILITIES

Telephone Service

Residence Wall or Desk Hand Set \$4.25 per month
Colored sets 25 cents per month extra.

Business Wall or Desk Hand Set \$11.00 per month
Colored sets 25 cents per month extra.

Touch-Tone telephones are available in various exchange areas in Calgary at \$1.75 per month extra. Persons interested in this service should contact AGT's Service Representatives.

Total number of residence and business main line telephones as of January, 1968, was 112,667.

Total number of residence and business main line telephones and extensions as of January, 1968, was 187,000.

City of Calgary Electric System

The City of Calgary Electric System is Canada's sixth largest Municipal Electric Utility, having a net capital investment in excess of \$31 million and serving an area in excess of 250 square miles, which includes the City of Calgary and adjacent portions of the municipalities of Foothills and Rockyview.

Please direct all enquiries to the

City of Calgary Electric System,
Commercial Service Division,
Electric Building,
2808 Spiller Road S.E., Calgary 21,
Phone 267-3601

Electric Power Consumption

1940	-----	89,839,000	kilowatt	hours
1950	-----	189,821,040	kilowatt	hours
1960	-----	650,397,600	kilowatt	hours
1965	-----	1,073,095,100	kilowatt	hours
1966	-----	1,221,240,000	kilowatt	hours
1967	-----	1,377,566,280	kilowatt	hours

NUMBER OF ELECTRIC SERVICES AT DEC. 31, 1967—

Residential	90,612
Commercial and Power	14,374
Total Services	104,986

NOMINAL SYSTEM VOLTAGES USED BY THE CITY OF CALGARY ELECTRIC SYSTEM—(60 cycles AC)

Secondary Voltages:

120 Volts	1 phase	2 wire
120/240 Volts	1 phase	3 wire
120/208Y Volts	3 phase	4 wire
277/480Y Volts	3 phase	4 wire
240 Volts	3 phase	3 wire
480 Volts	3 phase	3 wire

Primary Voltages:

4160Y/2400 Volts	3 phase	4 wire
13200Y/7620 Volts	3 phase	4 wire
13200 Delta Volts	3 phase	3 wire

Type of Service Available:

The Electric System should be consulted as to service characteristics in any particular area, before equipment is ordered or electrical specifications prepared.

RESIDENTIAL COMBINATION RATE (City)

(Metered at Secondary Voltage)—

First 25 kwhrs.	5c per kwhr.
Next 150 kwhrs.	1 3/4c per kwhr.
All additional kwhrs.	1.1c per kwhr.
Minimum charge per month	\$1.77

In 1967 the average monthly bill for residential consumers was \$5.86.

COMMERCIAL RATE (City) (Metered at Secondary Voltage)—

For the first 300 kwhrs.	5c per kwhr.
Next 300 kwhrs.	4c per kwhr.
All additional kwhrs.	2c per kwhr.
Minimum charge \$0.85 per kilowatt of connected load per service per month.	

POWER RATE (City) (Less than 100 KVA)—

(Metered at Secondary Voltage)

First 30 hours use per H.P. of connected load	2c per kwhr.
Next 30 hours use per H.P. of connected load	1.6c per kwhr.
All additional kwhrs.	1.2c per kwhr.
Minimum charge \$1.00 per H.P. up to 50 H.P. plus 75c per H.P. for each H.P. over 50.	

WHOLESALE POWER AND LIGHT—LOW VOLTAGE NETWORK

Metering voltage: 120/208Y, 3 phase, 4 wire, or 277/480Y, 3 phase, 4 wire (as available).

Available (a) in network areas only.

(b) where there is a demand of 100 KVA or more.

ENERGY CHARGE—

First 300 kwhrs. @ 5c per kwhr.

Next 300 kwhrs. @ 4c per kwhr.
 Next 30 hrs. use per KVA of demand @ 2c per kwhr.
 Next 30 hrs. use per KVA of demand @ 1.6c per kwhr.
 All additional kwhrs. @ 1.1c per kwhr.

DETERMINATION OF DEMAND—

Taken as the highest KVA demand established during the month.

MINIMUM CHARGE—

\$200.00 per service per month or 75c per KVA of winter peak demand.

SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS—

- (1) Discount of 5% on monthly bills \$3,000.00 and over.
- (2) If in any month the recorded demand is less than 100 KVA the monthly account will be computed on the basis of 100 KVA.

NOTES:

- (1) Where summer electric air conditioning equipment is used, an optional rate is available which applies the winter peak demand for billing purposes instead of the monthly demand.
- (2) Similar secondary metered rates are available for application outside the network areas within the city.

WHOLESALE (INDUSTRIAL) POWER AND LIGHT—

(Metered at Primary Voltage)

- Available**
- (a) Within the limits of the City of Calgary, not including network areas.
 - (b) Where there is a demand of 100 KVA or more with the power demand being at least 50 KVA of this total.

ENERGY CHARGE—

5c per kwhr. for first 300 kwhrs.

4c per kwhr. for next 300 kwhrs.

After 600 kwhrs. the following demand rates apply:

Customer Owning Transformers

Rate per
Kwhr.

1.3c	Next 40 Hours use	per KVA of demand
1.2c	Next 40 Hours use	per KVA of demand
1.1c	Next 40 Hours use	per KVA of demand

1c For all additional kwhrs.

City Owning Transformers

Rate per
Kwhr.

1.3c	Next 90 Hours use	per KVA of demand
1.2c	Next 90 Hours use	per KVA of demand
1.1c	Next 90 Hours use	per KVA of demand

1c For all additional kwhrs.

DETERMINATION OF DEMAND—

Taken as the highest KVA demand established during the month.

MINIMUM CHARGE—

75c per KVA of demand taken as the highest KVA demand established during the months of November, December and January, but not less than \$75.00 per service per month, and in no case shall the demand be deemed less than 40% of the total connected load.

SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS—

- (1) On written request from the customer, tests will be taken of the Power Factor of the service and an allowance of 3% discounted from monthly account if power factor is maintained at 85% or better.
- (2) Discount of 5% (after power factor deduction, if applicable) on monthly accounts \$3,000.00 or over.
- (3) If, in any month, the recorded demand is less than 100 KVA, the monthly account will be computed on the basis of 100 KVA.

NOTE: Where summer electric air conditioning equipment is used, optional rates are available which apply the winter peak demand for billing purposes instead of the monthly demand.

Calgary Power Ltd.

Calgary Power Ltd., with head office at 120 - 12th Avenue S.W., supplied the electrical needs of over 500 communities and approximately 42,000 farms in a 75,000 square mile area of Alberta. With a total investment in Alberta of \$304,000,000, this investor-owned utility is interconnected with all other Alberta electrical utilities, forming a power grid which ensures good service continuity and effective use of generating facilities.

The City of Calgary Electric System purchases its entire electrical requirements in bulk from Calgary Power Ltd., and distributes power to its consumers. The City's peak load of 303,900 kilowatts in the winter of 1967-1968 was approximately 31% of the Company's generating capability at that time. Plant additions at the Wabamun Thermal plant, 45 miles west of Edmonton, and at the Brazeau Hydro plant, 95 miles southwest of Edmonton, has increased the total generating capability to 1,249,000 kilowatts.

The use of coal-fired thermal plants for base load, complemented by hydroelectric generation for peak loads, assures ample supplies of power at competitive rates.

The Economic Development Department of Calgary Power Ltd. is available to supply information concerning markets, raw material sources, labour supply and transportation to assist any concern contemplating establishing an operation in Alberta, or to any existing firm which is considering an expansion.

Canadian Western Natural Gas Co. Ltd.

Schedule of Natural Gas Rates

NATURAL GAS

The City of Calgary is one city in Canada with the enviable position of having an abundant supply of natural gas. This versatile fuel comes to the city from several sources—the Turner Valley field in the Southwest, the Jumping Pound field in the West, the Carbon field in the North-east, and the Okotoks field in the South. Also tied into the system is the Bow Island field in Southern Alberta where surplus gas is repressured in off peak season. Because of the ample supply of natural gas in close proximity to the market area, all gas requirements including industrial can be met on a firm supply basis. The natural gas has a heating value of approximately 1,000 B.T.U. per cu. ft. and specific gravity ranging around 0.625. All transmission and distribution mains are owned and controlled by one company—the Canadian Western Natural Gas Company Limited. Their rates are as follows:

GENERAL RATE — No. 1

AVAILABILITY:

Available to all customers.

NET RATE:

First 2 Mcf or Less per month—\$3.00.

All additional Mcf per month, Minimum Monthly Charge— $34\frac{1}{2}$ c. per Mcf.

Minimum Monthly Charge—\$3.00.

OPTIONAL RATES — No. 2

(a) General Service

AVAILABILITY:

This rate is available to all customers using in excess of 18,650 Mcf per year.

NET RATE:

Fixed Charge—\$150.00 per month; plus

Commodity Charge—25c per Mcf; Minimum Monthly Charge—\$150.00.

HIGH LOAD FACTOR RATES — No. 3

(a) General Service

AVAILABILITY:

To customers on annual contract whose annual consumption of gas is not less than 10,000 Mcf, and whose total consumption during the six meter reading periods ending in May, June, July, August, September and October, is not less than 40 per cent of their total consumption for the year.

NET RATE:

Fixed Charge—\$20.00 per month plus \$1.75 per month per Mcf of maximum 12-hour demand; plus Commodity Charge—First 4,000 Mcf per month 17c. per Mcf. All additional Mcf per month 16c. per Mcf. Minimum Monthly Charge—Fixed Charge.

(b) Special Service —

Available to customers located adjacent to and served directly from the Company's main transmission lines serving the Calgary-Lethbridge System and whose annual consumption is more than 150,000 MCF and whose total consumption during the six meter reading periods ending in May, June, July, August, September and October, is not less than 40 per cent of their total consumption for the year.

Fixed Charge: \$20.00 per month plus 1.00 per month per MCF of maximum 12-hour demand.

Plus Commodity Charge:

First 75,000 MCF per month 17c per MCF

All additional MCF per month 15c per MCF

Minimum Monthly Charge—Fixed Charge.

For further information direct all inquiries to the Manager, Sales and Industrial Development Department, Canadian Western Natural Gas Company Limited, 140 - 6th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta.

City of Calgary Waterworks System

Schedule "D" of Water Rates

1966

METER SCHEDULE—

First	5,000 Gals.	62c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	5,000 Gals	56c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	20,000 Gals.	50c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	30,000 Gals.	41c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	90,000 Gals.	28c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	350,000 Gals.	25c per 1,000 Gals.
All over	500,000 Gals.	21c per 1,000 Gals.

SPECIAL GARDEN RATE, May to September (inclusive) only

First	5,000 Gals.	62c per 1,000 Gals.
Next	5,000 Gals.	28c per 1,000 Gals.
All over	10,000 Gals.	25c per 1,000 Gals.

MINIMUM CHARGE ON METERS—

1/2 inch service per month	\$ 3.10
3/4 inch service per month	3.43
1 inch service per month	4.06
1 1/2 inch service per month	7.70
2 inch service per month	10.78
3 inch service per month	15.40
4 inch service per month	23.10
6 inch service per month	38.50

DOMESTIC RATE—SINGLE FAMILY

No. of Rooms		Rate per Annum
3	\$21.56 Basin in private dwelling, each	\$ 2.31
4	23.10 Water Closet, each	4.62
5	24.64 Baths, each	4.97
6	26.18 Sinks, each	2.31
7	27.30 Tap or additional fixtures	1.12
8	28.49 Lawn or Garden per 1,000 sq. ft. of lot	.63
9	29.61 Automobiles, each	2.31
10	30.80 Laundry Tubs, per set	2.31
11	31.92 Public Standpipe or Tap, each	
	consumer	15.40
12	33.11 Minimum Flat Rate, per annum	24.64
13	34.30 Private Hydrant	23.10

14 35.42

15 36.54

Each Additional Room \$1.19.

● AGRICULTURE

Grain Trade

There are approximately a dozen grain elevator concerns and merchants with head or branch offices in Calgary. Related to these and located in the City are brewing and malting companies, feed and seed merchants and mills.

There are seven grain elevators in Calgary with a total licensed capacity of 6,310,000 bushels.

There are three large flour mills with a combined capacity of 16,200 cwt. per day; Maple Leaf Milling Co. Ltd., 3,200 cwt. per day; Pillsbury Canada Ltd., 9,000 cwt. per day, and Robin Hood Flour Mills Ltd., 4,000 cwt. per day.

The Canada Malting Co. plant is the largest malting plant west of the Lakehead. Its capacity is now 4 million bushels a year, recently increased from 3.3 million bushels.

The Calgary area is so located that it produces a high quality wheat. The area is practically rust free. Rust is a harmful factor in many parts of North America. The lack of rust is attributed to the cool nights and high altitude. Wheat is a predominant grain produced in the Calgary area. Large quantities of high grade malting and pearling barley are also grown.

Calgary is within crop district No. 3 which has as its general boundaries the United States Border on the South, to Olds on the North, West to the Rockies and East, Wimborne to Whiskey Gap. Acreage devoted to the crops in 1967 in this district were as follows: Wheat, 575,000 acres; Oats, 277,000 acres; Barley, 648,000 acres; Flax, 17,800 acres and Summerfallow, 707,000 acres.

In 1967 in this crop district there were 7,254 farms.



Livestock Industry

The Calgary Public Stockyards is one of the larger livestock markets in Canada. The quality of cattle sold through

the Calgary Public Stockyards is among the highest on the North American Continent. The facilities for marketing livestock at Calgary are of the most modern in the world, and the auction and salesman method used to establish sales insures the highest prices for producers. All Livestock is weighed on government supervised scales by approved and impartial weight masters. Livestock sold at the Calgary Public Stockyards move to all parts of Canada and to the United States for slaughter or feeding.

Sales of livestock in the Calgary area during 1967 averaged \$2,300,000.00 per week and indicates the importance of livestock to Calgary's economy.

ESTIMATED VALUES — CALGARY — 1967
Receipts at Calgary Public Stockyards

	No. of Head	Estimated Value
Cattle	298,321	\$68,801,772.00
Calves	57,727	6,511,073.00
Hogs	89,997	3,901,370.00
Sheep & Lambs	12,675	481,465.00
Total estimated value at Calgary Stockyards		\$79,455,040.00

Direct Receipts at Calgary Packing Plants

Cattle	111,610	\$25,740,614.00
Calves	3,029	343,428.00
Hogs	301,898	13,087,278.00
Sheep & Lambs	22,604	481,465.00

Total estimated value of direct receipts at
Calgary Packing Plants \$39,652,785.00

Total value for Calgary Public Stockyards
and plants \$119,107,825.00

Ranching Industry

Ranching continues to be an important phase of Alberta's Agriculture. Cattle production and sales are increasing yearly. Hereford is the predominant breed of cattle in the area, but Aberdeen Angus and Shorthorns are also raised extensively.

The foothills region is the most productive ranching area in the province and is classed as a 24-acre zone (where one head of stock is limited to each 24 acres). The immediate area around Calgary is a 32 acre zone, or one head to 32 acres.

According to stockmen, the outlook for the ranching industry is comparatively good.

● CIVIC DATA

Hotels and Motels

Hotels	27	2,865 rooms
Motor Hotels	15	810 units
Motels	42	1,151 units
Trailer Courts	11	770 spaces
Camp Grounds	3	

Hospitals

Alberta Children's Hospital	128 beds
Baker Memorial Sanatorium	345 beds
Col. Belcher D.V.A.	400 beds
General Hospital, including Convalescent Rehabilitation Building	952 beds 110 bassinets

Grace Hospital	100 beds
	60 bassinets
Holy Cross Hospital	430 beds
	82 bassinets
Foothills Hospital	766 beds
	116 bassinets
Rockyview Hospital	198 beds

Auxiliary Hospitals and Nursing Homes District #7

Glenmore Park	200 beds
Crossbow	100 beds
Sarcee	100 beds
Bethany (private)	100 beds
Nursing Homes — 14	1,381 beds

Homes for Senior Citizens

The Metropolitan Foundation has the following sites:
(a) Bow Valley Site; (b) Jacques Site; (c) Elbow Valley Site,
which include:

8 lodges	392 residents
164 double units	328 residents
72 single units	72 residents

Hospitalization Scheme

Under the provisions of the "Alberta Hospitalization Benefits Act", hospital benefits are available to persons qualifying as residents of the Province of Alberta. To qualify as a resident, a person moving to Alberta from another Canadian province must reside in Alberta for a three month period, as during this period he is entitled to hospital benefits from the province in which he previously resided. A person, taking up residence from outside Canada is entitled to hospital benefits immediately he arrives in the province. In either case, the person must indicate his intent to reside, as benefits are not provided to transients, visitors, or tourists.

A Patient eligible for hospital benefits is required to pay a daily, all-inclusive charge (except for certain appliances) for standard ward care of \$5.00 for the first day and \$2.50 per day thereafter in the Calgary Hospitals.

Provincial residents are also entitled to hospital benefits under the program for the care of the chronically ill, the daily charge for standard ward service in an auxiliary hospital is \$2.00 per day.

Newspaper Circulation

	City Net Paid Daily Average	Total Net Paid Daily Average
Herald	81,364	97,266
Albertan	23,500	35,200
WEEKLY Average		
North Hill News		19,000
Rocky View News and Market Examiner		6,350
South Side Mirror		43,000

Radio Stations

CKXL — 1140 k.c.	10,000 watts
CFAC — 960 k.c.	10,000 watts
CFCN — 1060 k.c.	50,000 watts
CHFM — 95.9 m.c.	11,000 watts
CHQR — 810 k.c.	10,000 watts
CBR — 1010 k.c.	50,000 watts

Television Stations

CHCT-TV — Channel 2	100,000 watts
Rebroadcast — Channel 8	Drumheller
CFCN-TV — Channel 4	100,000 watts
Rebroadcast — Channel 8	Banff
Channel 9	Brooks
Channel 12	Drumheller

Motion Picture Theatres

Drive-Ins	4	Downtown	7	Neighborhood	8
-----------------	---	----------------	---	--------------------	---

Churches

Protestant	206	Catholic	28	Jewish	2
------------------	-----	----------------	----	--------------	---

Post Office Facilities

As of April 1968, there were deliveries of mail to 79,054 houses, 17,354 apartments and 8,153 firms.

In addition there were 2,400 households and 896 firms served through General Delivery and Post Office Boxes.

Calgary has 702 Street Letter Boxes on 626 sites. These boxes are cleared three times per day except in the downtown business area where they are cleared four times each day.

Calgary is served by four Postal Stations and seventy-two Sub Post Offices, and the Postal Terminal at 207 - 9th Ave. S.W., Calgary 2, Alberta. There are 274 Letter Carrier Walks plus seven truck routes which are served by 381 Carriers.

Use Postal Zones!

● GENERAL INFORMATION

Dominion Income Tax Rates Effective February 1, 1968

\$ 909 or less	12.80 %	
\$ 909	\$ 116.35 + 15.00 % on next	\$ 91
1,000	130.00 + 18.00 % on next	643
1,644	245.70 + 18.42 % on next	357
2,000	311.45 + 21.51 % on next	1,000
3,000	526.55 + 23.57 % on next	1,000
4,000	762.25 + 26.66 % on next	2,000
6,000	1,295.45 + 26.78 % on next	2,000
8,000	1,831.05 + 30.90 % on next	2,000
10,000	2,449.05 + 36.05 % on next	2,000
12,000	3,170.05 + 41.20 % on next	3,000
15,000	4,406.05 + 46.35 % on next	10,000
25,000	9,041.05 + 51.50 % on next	15,000
40,000	16,766.05 + 56.65 % on next	20,000
60,000	28,096.05 + 61.80 % on next	30,000
90,000	46,636.05 + 66.95 % on next	35,000
125,000	70,068.55 + 72.10 % on next	100,000
225,000	142,168.55 + 77.25 % on next	175,000
400,000	277,356.05 + 82.40 % on remainder	

GIFT TAX, if, during 1967 gifts of an aggregate value in excess of \$4,000, excluding gifts to any one person the total value of which did not exceed \$1,000, a Gift Tax Return must be submitted.

PERSONAL EXEMPTIONS—

Basic Exemption	\$1,000.00
Married Exemption (if her income not over \$250)	1,000.00
Wholly Dependent Children (if qualifying for family allowance)	300.00
If not qualifying for family allowance	550.00

For further information write: Income Tax Office, Public Building, Calgary, Alberta.

Customs Office

For information write:

Department of National Revenue,
Customs Building,
11th Avenue and 1st Street South East,
Calgary, Alberta

Liquor Laws

There are thirteen Government operated liquor stores.

Subject to Provincial Government license beer and liquor is served with meals in approved hotels and restaurants. Several hotels have separate cocktail lounges.

Beer is sold through the thirteen liquor outlets, two beer stores, one at each brewery, and licensed premises at hotels.

Public Telephones

Ten cents for local calls.

Postal Receipts

To December 31, 1960	\$3,646,976.00
To December 31, 1961	4,068,885.00
To December 31, 1962	4,262,047.00
To December 31, 1963	4,418,088.00
To December 31, 1964	5,013,356.00
To December 31, 1965	5,376,432.00
To December 31, 1966	5,254,211.00
To December 31, 1967	6,112,723.00

Wholesale Trade

1960	193,036,588.00
1961	198,238,000.00
1962	218,226,000.00
1963	177,738,000.00
1964	333,624,000.00
1965	370,088,000.00*
1966	408,201,000.00
1967	445,958,000.00

*All figures have been revised and now include only "Wholesale Proper".

Drivers' Licenses

Cost of Driver's License \$5.00 (every 5 years)

Cost of Car Licenses

Up to 110" wheelbase	\$16.00
110" to 120" wheelbase	21.00
120" wheelbase and up	26.00
Motorcycles and Scooters	4.00

Truck Statistics

COST OF LICENSES—

Commercial Vehicles	(approx.)	\$16.00-\$1,091.00
Public Service	(approx.)	46.00- 1,091.00
E-License (Exempt)	(approx.)	46.00- 1,091.00
C-License (City)		16.00- 36.00
F-License (Farm)		16.00- 36.00
X-License (Pleasure)		16.00- 36.00
G-License (Gov't)		1.00
T-License (Trailers)		5.00- 600.00

Motor Vehicle Registrations

(Issued from Calgary for the past 10 years)

	Trailers*	Passenger Cars	Commercial
1960 -----		82,094	23,343
1961 -----		90,218	24,389
1962 -----		94,692	24,854
1963 -----		100,934	25,542
1964 -----		104,760	32,300
1965 -----	12,921*	113,567	26,803
1966 -----	15,708	117,935	27,503
1967 -----	18,166	124,802	20,128

*Commercial and Private.

Calgary Members of the Legislative Assembly

Name	Political Affiliation
Hon. F. C. Colborne -----	Social Credit
Wm. D. Dickie -----	Liberal
Hon. A. J. Dixon -----	Social Credit
Lorne Lee Leavitt -----	Social Credit
Peter Lougheed -----	Prog.-Cons.
Albert W. Ludwig -----	Social Credit
David Russell -----	Prog.-Cons.
Rev. Robert Simpson -----	Social Credit
L. F. Werry -----	Prog.-Cons.

Members of Parliament

Name	Political Affiliation
D. Harkness -----	Progressive Conservative
P. Mahoney -----	Liberal
S. Schumacher -----	Progressive Conservative
E. M. Woolliams -----	Progressive Conservative

Downtown Parking

Downtown Parking Corporation Garage and Lots -----	815
Hudson's Bay Company Parkade -----	1,100
The T. Eaton Co. Ltd. Carpark -----	310
Calgary Parking Lots Co. -----	600
Towne Center Garages -----	323

Chain Stores with More Than One Outlet

Calgary Co-Operative Association -----	5
Canada Safeway Ltd. -----	35
Dominion Stores Ltd. -----	3
Loblaws -----	7
I.G.A. -----	6

Drug Stores

110

Department Stores

16

Consumer Price Index For Regional Cities of Canada **At The Beginning of April 1968 (1)**

(Base 1949 = 100)

	All - Items		Group Indexes - April 1967						
	April 1968	March 1968	Food	Housing	Clothing	Trans- port- ation	Health & Personal Care	Recre- ation & Reading	Tobacco & Alcohol
St. John's (2)	134.4	132.6	128.1	124.1	133.6	131.5	193.8	158.9	139.2
Halifax	145.7	144.5	143.5	141.5	144.4	146.5	202.1	193.1	140.2
Saint John	148.8	148.3	148.0	140.4	146.5	159.1	216.2	179.2	139.6
Montreal	152.0	150.9	155.8	146.3	127.5	185.6	199.0	175.0	146.5
Ottawa	152.5	152.5	151.8	146.0	140.4	177.5	206.4	167.7	150.2
Toronto	155.6	154.7	147.5	156.4	143.9	159.9	194.7	215.7	148.9
Winnipeg	149.0	148.7	148.9	137.1	150.3	151.5	209.8	169.2	154.3
Saskatoon - Regina	144.0	143.9	145.8	136.6	150.0	147.4	169.4	167.4	140.1
Edmonton - Calgary	144.5	143.7	140.2	139.6	146.2	147.3	204.7	166.4	132.0
Vancouver	148.3	147.8	146.3	148.9	139.7	157.0	180.6	164.2	135.7

(1) All-items Indexes for April and March and April group index detail are shown in the above table. These indexes show changes in retail prices of goods and services in each city. They do not indicate whether it costs more or less to live in one city than another.

(2) Index on the base June 1951 — 100.

Average Income and Average Tax 1965 Taxation Year

Department of National Revenue

Selected Cities	Average Income	Average Tax
Calgary -----	5,150	603
Vancouver -----	5354 4,232	661 222
Hamilton -----	5,363	641
Toronto -----	5,321	694
Ottawa -----	5,311	644
Montreal -----	5,165	381
Windsor -----	5,531	644
Victoria -----	5,032	555
Edmonton -----	4,933	553
Regina -----	4,887	570
Winnipeg -----	4,762	546
St. John's, Nfld. -----	4,583	492
Saskatoon -----	4,736	538
Saint John, N.B. -----	4,393	443
Quebec -----	4,905	328

● SERVICE CLUBS

ACTIVE CLUB—6:30 Alternate Friday Carolina Restaurant.

B'NAI B'RITH—8:30 First and Third Tuesdays, House of Israel.

COSMOPOLITAN CLUB—6:15 Monday, Carolina Restaurant.

GYRO CLUB—12:15 Wednesday, Hotel Palliser.

KINSMEN'S CLUB—6:30 Alternate Thursday, Al San Club.

KIWANIS CLUB (Downtown)—12:15 Monday, Hotel Palliser.

KIWANIS CLUBS (Six others)—Call 262-2900.

LIONS CLUB (Downtown)—12:15 Wednesday, Hotel Palliser.

LIONS CLUB (Six others)—Contact D. Anderson, 262-4274.

ROTARY CLUB (Downtown)—12:15 Tuesday, Hotel Palliser.

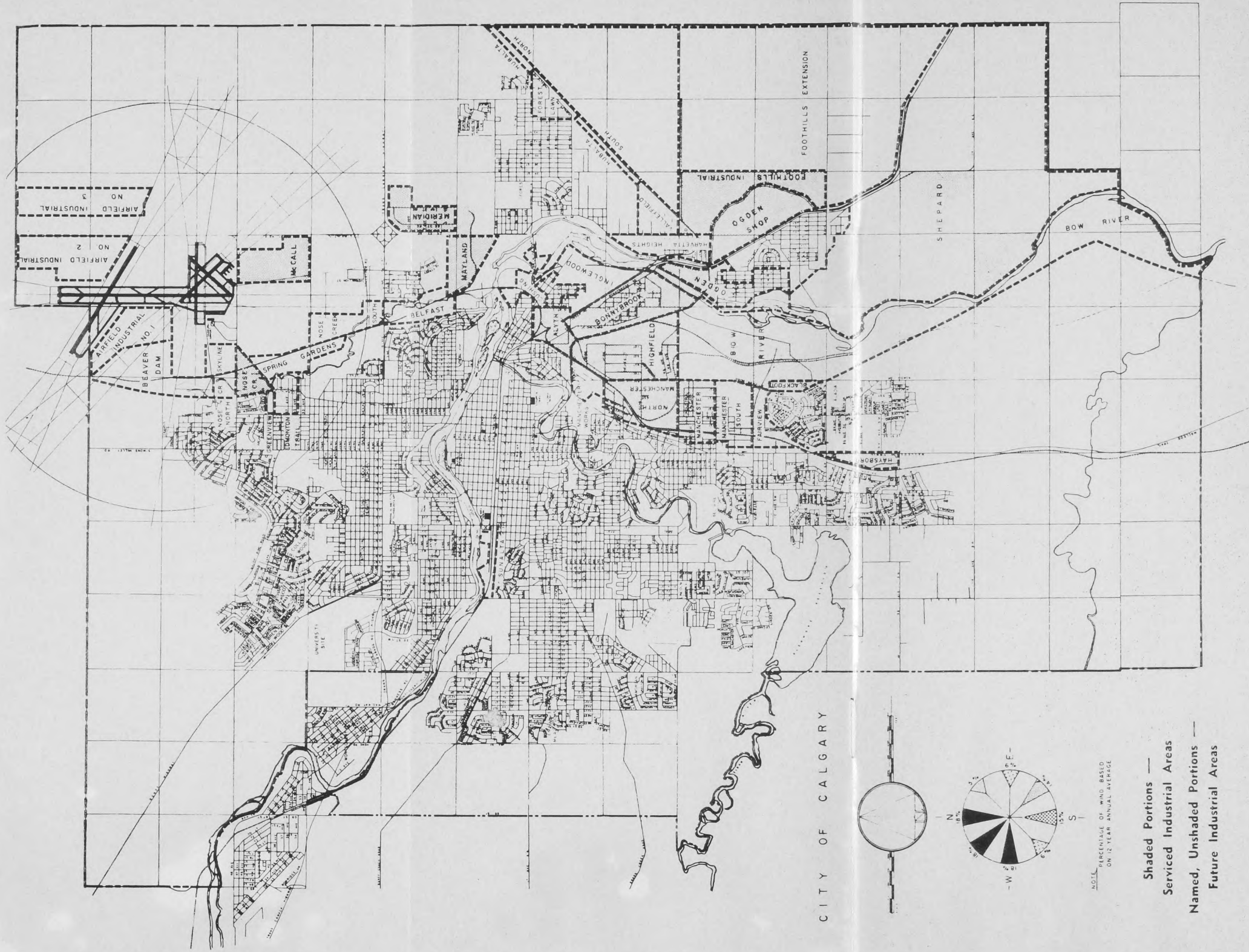
ROTARY CLUB (Manchester)—12:15 Thursday, Fort Calgary House.

ROTARY CLUB (North Hill)—12:15 Monday, Highlander Motor Hotel.

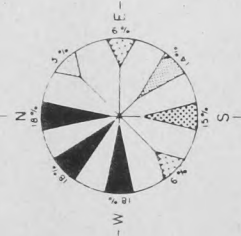
ROTARY CLUB (West Calgary)—12:15 Friday, Holiday Inn.

OPTIMIST CLUB (Downtown)—12:15 Thursday, Al San Club.

SOROPTIMIST CLUB—Call 243-1848.



CITY OF CALGARY



NOTE: PERCENTAGE OF WIND BASED ON 12 YEAR ANNUAL AVERAGE

Shaded Portions —
Served Industrial Areas
Named, Unshaded Portions —
Future Industrial Areas

CALGARY'S INDUSTRIAL AREAS

Calgary's industrial areas are mainly located along the east side of the city from north to south (see map opposite). These include city-developed districts and privately-owned areas. Prices range from \$6,750 to \$15,000 an acre depending on location and extent of utilities and services. For new industries, there are also opportunities to rent or leaseback in new or existing buildings in various locations throughout the city. Information on site location (city or private) is available from the Industrial Development Department, City Hall, 7th Avenue & 2nd Street S.E. (phone 269-0494).

